

Back to Basics -- Using Hydrology to Develop Solutions

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Discussion Overview

Points to look for ...

★ Problem Solving Framework

- ✓ Practical approaches
- ✓ Partnerships

★ Targeted Activities

- ✓ Contributing areas
- ✓ Delivery mechanisms
- ✓ Hydrology & duration curves

★ Adaptive Management

- ✓ Connecting the pieces



Watershed Plan Key Elements

Regulatory Considerations


★ §319 Guidance

- ✓ Source Identification
- ✓ Management Measures, Load Reductions, Critical Areas
- ✓ Needed Technical & Financial Assistance
- ✓ Information / Education Component
- ✓ Schedule
- ✓ Measurable Milestones
- ✓ Assessment Framework & Criteria
- ✓ Effectiveness Monitoring

TMDL Development

Regulatory Considerations


- ★ Applicable WQ Standards
- ★ Loading Capacity
- ★ Source Assessment
- ★ Allocations
- ★ Seasonal Variation
- ★ Margin of Safety



Watershed Plan Development

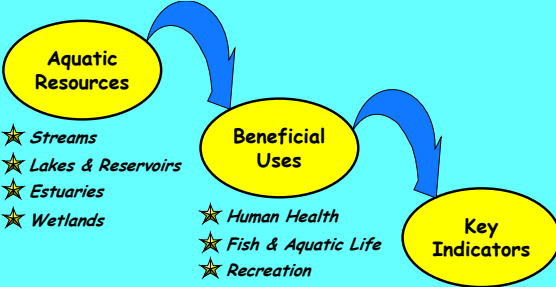
Problem Solving Framework

- ★ Practical approach using key questions ...
 - ✓ WHY the concern
 - ✓ WHAT reductions are needed
 - ✓ WHERE are the sources
 - ✓ WHO needs to be involved
 - ✓ WHEN will actions occur



WHY the Concern

Identifying Objectives



```

graph LR
    A([Aquatic Resources]) --> B([Beneficial Uses])
    B --> C([Key Indicators])
  
```

- ★ Streams
- ★ Lakes & Reservoirs
- ★ Estuaries
- ★ Wetlands
- ★ Human Health
- ★ Fish & Aquatic Life
- ★ Recreation

WHY the Concern

Key Indicators

- ✓ Water Column
- ✓ Sediment
- ✓ Aquatic Organisms
- ✓ Flow
- ✓ Channel Characteristics
- ✓ Riparian Conditions



WHAT Reductions are Needed

Challenges

- ★ *Wide array of concerns +++
limited time, data, methods, resources*



Silviculture



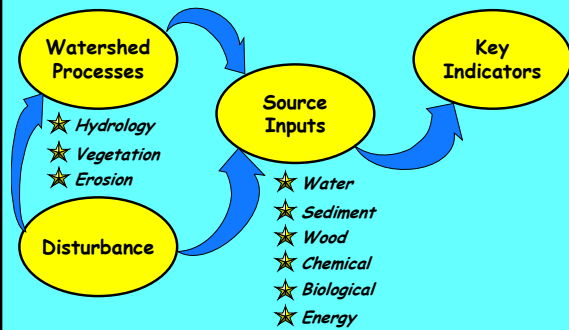
Urban



Agriculture

WHERE are the Sources

"Bottom-up" Focus

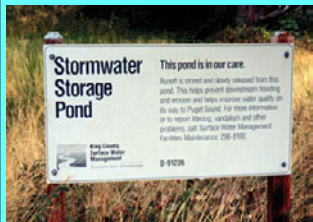


WHERE are the Sources Hazard / Delivery



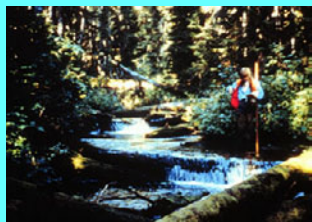
WHO Needs to be Involved Partnerships

★ Treatment



WHO Needs to be Involved Partnerships

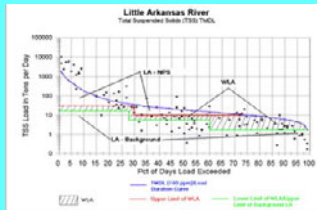
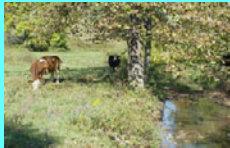
★ Restoration / Protection



Hydrology-Based Framework

Duration Curves

★ Pioneered by Kansas



Hydrology-Based Framework

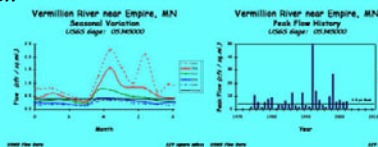
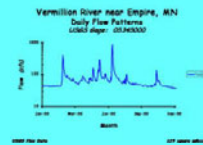
Some Basic Concepts

✓ Daily Average Flows

✓ Seasonal Patterns

✓ Annual Variation

✓ Frequency Distributions



Flow Duration Curves

Nuts & Bolts

★ Based on Cumulative Frequency Distribution

✓ Historic hydrologic record -- daily average flows
[e.g. download from USGS NWIS-Web]

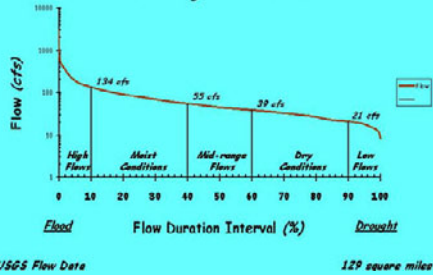
✓ Developed with statistical software or spreadsheet
[e.g. =PERCENTILE(a1:a3650,0.5) in Excel]

✓ Can also look at other key recurrence intervals
[e.g. median flow, 2-year peak, 7Q10]

Flow Duration Curves

Basic Form

Vermillion River near Empire, MN
Flow Duration Curve
USGS Gage: 05345000



Water Quality Duration Curves

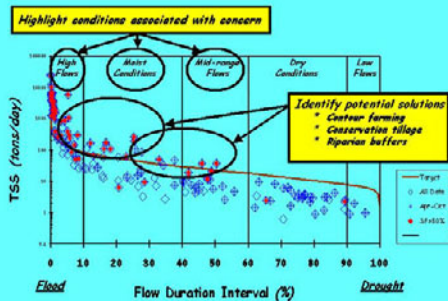
Concept

★ Again, use Cumulative Frequency Distribution

- ✓ Y-axis becomes water quality parameter value
[e.g. load or concentration]
- ✓ X-axis position matches flow recurrence interval
- ✓ Curve determined by target concentration and
flow associated with recurrence interval

Load Duration Curves

Basic Form



Duration Curves

Basics

★ Method offers a number of advantages

- ✓ Provides context for looking at WQ data
- ✓ Considers full range of flows (not just a design point)
- ✓ Offers framework to target options
- ✓ Easier to explain -- simple display



Duration Curves

Advantages

✓ Context to interpret monitoring data
(modeling data as well)

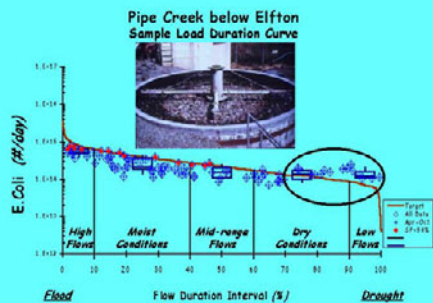
✓ Help guide implementation

- Targeted Participants
- Targeted Programs
- Targeted Activities
- Targeted Areas



Water Quality Patterns

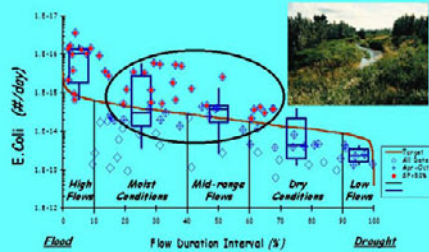
Watershed Condition -- Hydrologic



Water Quality Patterns

Contributing Areas

Willow Creek near Turkey Gap
Sample Load Duration Curve

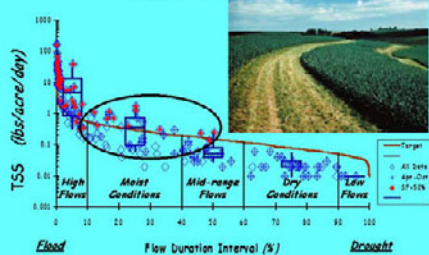


TARGETED Programs: Riparian Buffers (e.g. CRP, CREP)

Water Quality Patterns

Contributing Areas

Chicken Run above Mt. Pleasant
Sample Yield Duration Curve

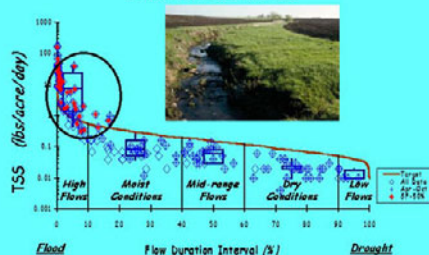


TARGETED Activities: Contour Strips, Conservation Tillage

Water Quality Patterns

Delivery Mechanisms

Rock Creek near Moose Junction
Sample Yield Duration Curve



TARGETED Areas: Streambank Erosion, Bank Stability

Hydrology-Based Framework

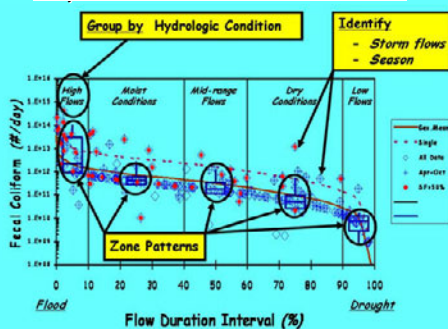
Duration Curves

★ Support watershed planning through ...

- ✓ Enhanced description of water quality concerns
- ✓ Improve basic understanding of key processes
- ✓ Focus on solution development

Hydrology-Based Framework

Expanded Characterization



Hydrology-Based Framework

Enhanced Assessment

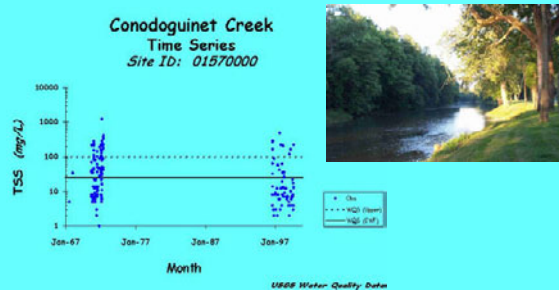
★ Other potential opportunities ...

- ✓ Provide view beyond "Status & Trends"
- ✓ Expand watershed characterization
- ✓ Use with volunteer monitoring efforts
- ✓ Linkage to other analytical methods (e.g. models, Bacteria Source Tracking)

Hydrology-Based Framework

Beyond "Status & Trends"

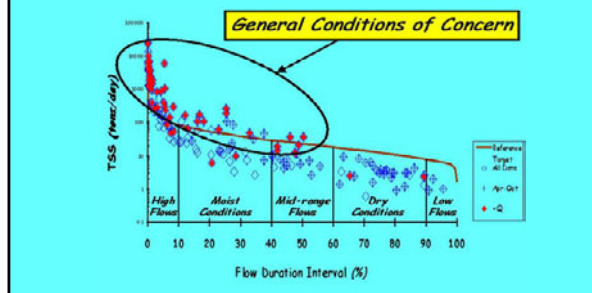
- ★ At first glance, a large gap ...



Hydrology-Based Framework

Beyond "Status & Trends"

- ★ LDCs put focus on range of flows ...



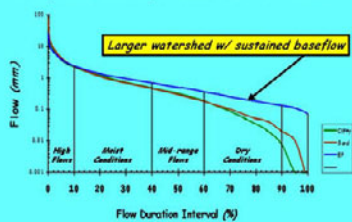
Expanded Characterization

Recognizing Key Watershed Processes

- ★ Importance of watershed size ...

✓ Smaller => flashier at high flows; drier at low flows

Comparison: Clifty, Sand, & E.F. White



Expanded Characterization

Recognizing Key Watershed Processes

Flow Duration Curve Zone Summary (mm)

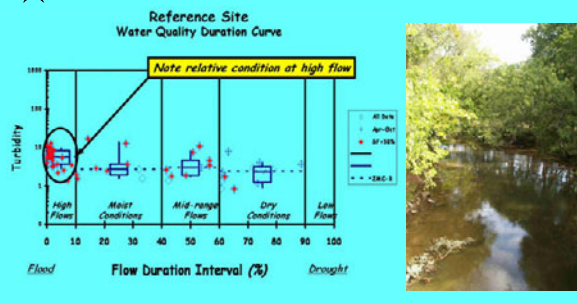
Site Name	1-day	High Flows (0-10)	Moist (10-40)	Mid-Range (40-60)	Dry (60-90)	Low Flows (90-100)
Au Sable	2.00	1.195	0.880	0.712	0.603	0.479
Little Eagle	22.40	3.576	0.777	0.299	0.117	0.027



Hydrology-Based Framework

Use with Volunteer Monitoring Data

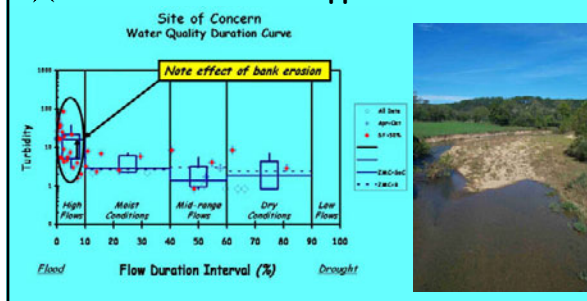
★ Reference watershed



Hydrology-Based Framework

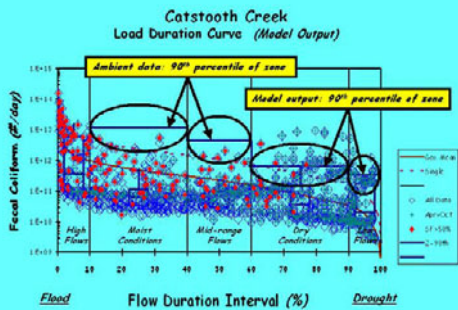
Use with Volunteer Monitoring Data

★ Provides feedback opportunities ...



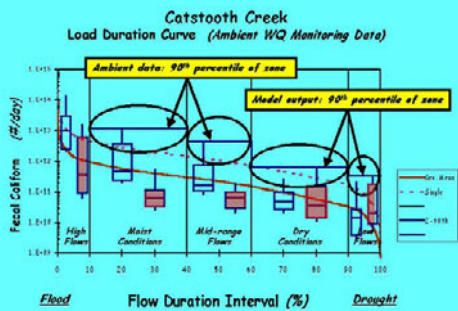
Monitoring & Assessment

Analysis of Model Output



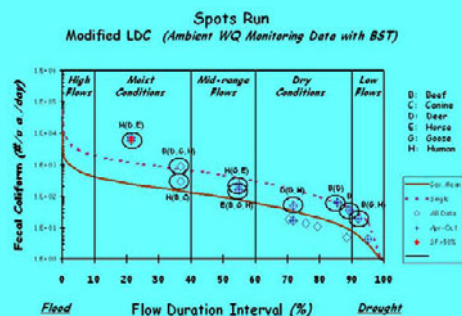
Monitoring & Assessment

Analysis of Model Output



Monitoring & Assessment

Analysis of Bacteria Source Tracking Data



Problem Solving Framework

Highlight "Lessons Learned"

★ Convert WQ Data to INFORMATION

✓ Prioritizing Areas of Concern

✓ Connecting the Pieces

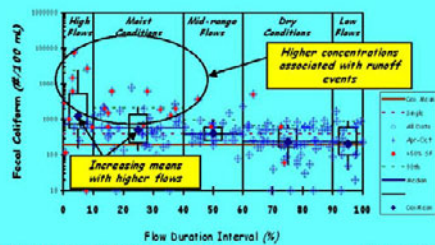
✓ Implementation Focus



WHERE are the Sources

Prioritizing Assessment Efforts

Lake Fork near Cornland
WQ Duration Curve (1972 - 2004: May to October)
Site: EIG 01



IEPA Data & Gauge 05579500 Duration Interval 214 square miles

WHERE are the Sources

Potential Source Areas

EXAMPLE	Contributing Source Area	Duration Curve Zone				
		High	Moist	Mid-Range	Dry	Low
	Point source				M	H
	On-site wastewater systems	M	M-H	H	H	H
	Riparian areas		H	H	M	
	Stormwater: Impervious		H	H	H	
	CSO's	H	H	H		
	Stormwater: Upland	H	H	M		
	Field drainage: Natural condition	H	M			
	Field drainage: Tile system	H	H	M-H	L-M	
	Bank erosion	H	M			

Note: Potential relative importance of source area to contribute loads under given hydrologic condition (H: High; M: Medium; L: Low)

WHO Needs to be Involved

Connecting the Pieces

★ Focus: *Source Areas & Delivery Mechanisms*

★ Example: *Agricultural Erosion Control*

✓ *Agricultural Fields* (e.g. residue management, crop cover)

✓ *Channel Erosion* (e.g. channel stabilization, bank protection)

Connecting the Pieces

Agricultural Fields

★ Targeted Activities

- ✓ *Residue Management*
- ✓ *Crop Rotation & Cover*
- ✓ *Critical Area Planting*

★ Calculation

- ✓ *Contributing Area*
- ✓ *Delivery Ratio*



Connecting the Pieces

Channel Erosion

★ Targeted Activities

- ✓ *Bank Protection*
- ✓ *Channel Stabilization*
- ✓ *Critical Area Planting*

★ Calculation

- ✓ *Channel Dimensions*
- ✓ *Lateral Recession Rate*



Developing Solutions

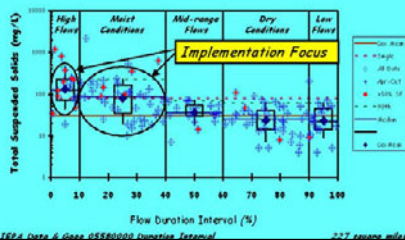
★ Focus: *Potential Management Practices*

<u>EXAMPLE</u>		<u>Duration Curve Zone</u>				
	<u>Source Area</u>	<u>High</u>	<u>Moist</u>	<u>Mid-Range</u>	<u>Dry</u>	<u>Low</u>
	Point source controls	L	L	M	H	H
	Septic system inspection	M	M-H	H	H	H
	CSO repair / abatement	H	H	H		
	SSO repair / abatement			M	H	H
	Riparian buffers		H	H	H	
	Pasture management	H	H	M		
	Pet waste education & ordinances		M	H	H	
	Hobby farm livestock education & ordinances		H	H	M	
		<i>Potential for effective load reductions under given hydrologic condition</i>				

Developing Solutions

★ Erosion Control Actions

Kickapoo Creek at Waynesville
WQ Duration Curve (1975 - 2004: April to October)
Site: EIE 04



Developing Solutions

★ Erosion Control Actions

- ✓ *Cover crops*
- ✓ *Buffer strips*
- ✓ *Conservation tillage*
- ✓ *Stormwater management*
- ✓ *Non-row crop alternatives*
- ✓ *Construction site runoff*



Connecting the Pieces

Allocation Development



Connecting the Pieces

Allocation Development

★ Targeted Activities

- ✓ Separation
- ✓ Storage Basins
- ✓ Tunnels
- ✓ Treatment Basins

★ Calculation

- ✓ SWMM Modeling



Connecting the Pieces

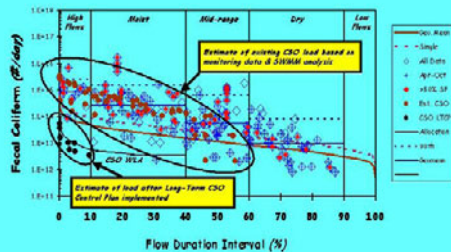
"The Challenge"



Hydrology-Based Framework

Connecting the Pieces

Crooked River at Freedom Bend
Load Duration Curve (1974 - 1995 Monitoring Data)



Hydrology-Based Framework

Developing Solutions

★ Components *plus* Implementation Considerations

TMDL SUMMARY	Loads expressed as (cfu/day)				
	High	Moist	Mid-Range	Dry	Low
Reduction	92%	90%	79%	41%	0%
TMDL	1.39E+14	5.09E+13	2.37E+13	1.15E+13	5.09E+12
Load Allocations	9.32E+12	2.73E+12	2.26E+13	1.05E+13	4.22E+12
Wasteload Allocations	4.68E+11	4.68E+11	4.68E+11	4.68E+11	4.68E+11
CSO	1.25E+14	4.58E+13	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Margin of Safety	4.11E+12	1.89E+12	6.20E+11	4.99E+11	4.06E+11
Implementation	Long Term CSO Plan		Municipal NPDES		
Opportunities			Riparian Protection		
			Pet Waste Ordinance		
			Stormwater Mgt.		

Hydrology-Based Framework

Lunch Time

★ Driving Principles

- ✓ *Technically-based (logic path)*
- ✓ *Meaningful (easily understood)*
- ✓ *Value-added (connect to implementation efforts designed to solve problem)*
- ✓ ...
- ✓ ...

